



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF
Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696
E Mail: info@meguiars.co.uk
Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

WARNING.

A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

Symbols:

GHS07 (Exclamation mark) | GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

Pictograms



Ingredients:

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Wt
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	5 - 15
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 10

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:	nervous system

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P260A Do not breathe vapours.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH208 Contains Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

1% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains 12% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Notes on labelling

H304 is not required on the label due to the product's viscosity
Nota P applied to CAS 64742-48-9.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EU Inventory	% by Wt	Classification
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	Mixture		50 - 70	Substance not classified as hazardous
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	265-191-7	5 - 15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 1, H372 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (Self Classified)
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	296-473-8	5 - 15	Substance not classified as hazardous
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	232-455-8	1 - 10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 (Self Classified)
Glycerin	56-81-5	200-289-5	1 - 10	Substance with a Community level exposure limit in the workplace
NJ TSR 540004100000-9915P - PROCESSED CASTOR OIL			1 - 5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	265-150-3	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Nota P (CLP) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336 (Self Classified)
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3		0.1 - 1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=1; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 (Self Classified)
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	203-049-8	0.1 - 1	Substance not classified as hazardous
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9		< 0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H331; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=10; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=10 (CLP)

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Glycerin	56-81-5	UK HSC	TWA(as mist):10 mg/m ³	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Manufacturer determined	TWA:100 ppm	

UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Commission
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Eye protection not required.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Polymer laminate	No data available	No data available

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance/Odour	Sweet light cream
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	8.3
Boiling point/boiling range	193.3 °C
Melting point	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not classified
Oxidising properties	Not classified
Flash point	200 °C
Autoignition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	<i>No data available.</i>
Relative density	1.01 g/cm ³
Water solubility	<i>No data available.</i>
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour density	<i>No data available.</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Viscosity	30,000 - 40,000 mPa-s
Density	1.01 g/ml

9.2. Other information

Data is not available for other physical and chemical parameters.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**Substance**

None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 87 mg/kg
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.33 mg/l
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 40 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Rabbit	Irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	Irritant
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Rabbit	Corrosive

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
Glycerin	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
Triethanolamine	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Human and animal	Sensitising

Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Human and animal	Not sensitising

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	In vivo	Not mutagenic

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Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
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Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerin	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity
Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation

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isothiazol-3-one					
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerin	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 3.91	14 days

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			data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
Glycerin	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Glycerin	56-81-5	Golden Orfe	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	16 mg/l

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Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	216 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	0.65 mg/l
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.25 mg/l
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	0.64 mg/l
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	0.72 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.021 mg/l
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.18 mg/l
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.01 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
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A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	85.3 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 % weight	OECD 301E - Modified OECD Scre
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	55965-84-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

PEG Stearate	9004-99-3	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	5.5	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.76	Other methods
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1	Other methods
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

20 01 13* Solvents

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR/IMDG/IATA: Not restricted for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Carcinogenicity****Ingredient**

Triethanolamine

CAS Nbr

102-71-6

Classification

Gr. 3: Not classifiable

Regulation

International Agency

Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 3: Reference to section 15 for Nota info information was deleted.

Section 9: Viscosity information information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Biocumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 15: Regulations - Inventories information was modified.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

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