



Safety Data Sheet

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Revision date: 03/08/2020 **Supersedes date:** 09/05/2019
Transportation version number: 1.00 (21/09/2018)

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

G1902, Quik Scratch Eraser Kit

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF
Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696
E Mail: info@meguiars.co.uk
Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component Safety Data Sheets from this cover page. The document numbers of the MSDSs for components of this product are:

41-4620-5

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ADR/IATA/IMDG: Please refer to Kit components for transport information.

KIT LABEL

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

WARNING.

Symbols:

GHS07 (Exclamation mark) | GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

Pictograms



Contains:

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:
nervous system |
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P260A Do not breathe vapours.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal:

- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
- EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Refer to Safety Data Sheet for component % unknown values (www.3M.com/msds).

Revision information:

Label: CLP Percent Unknown - Kit information was added.

Kit Information: CLP Target Organ Hazard Statement information was added.

Kit: Component document group number(s) information was modified.

Kit Information: Contains statement for sensitisers information was added.

Label: CLP Ingredients - kit components information was modified.

Label: CLP Classification information was modified.

Label: CLP Environmental Hazard Statements information was added.

Label: CLP Precautionary - Prevention information was modified.

Label: CLP Precautionary - Response information was modified.

Label: Graphic information was modified.



Safety Data Sheet

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| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Document group: | 41-4620-5 | Version number: | 1.01 |
| Revision date: | 03/08/2020 | Supersedes date: | 29/07/2020 |
| Transportation version number: | 1.00 (29/07/2020) | | |

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

ScratchX G103 [G10307]

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF
Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696
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Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required due to the product's viscosity.

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

WARNING.

Symbols:

GHS07 (Exclamation mark) | GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

Pictograms



Ingredients:

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | EC No. | % by Wt |
|--|------------|-----------|---------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | 265-191-7 | 1 - 10 |

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

| | |
|------|---|
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P260A Do not breathe vapours.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

1% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains 1% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Information required per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on Biocidal Products:

Contains a biocidal product (preservative): C(M)IT/MIT (3:1).

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | EC No. | REACH Registration No. | % by Wt | Classification |
|---|------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|---|
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 231-791-2 | | 40 - 70 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | 265-191-7 | | 1 - 10 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315 |
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | 215-691-6 | | 1 - 10 | Substance with an occupational exposure limit |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | | 920-901-0 | | 1 - 5 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304; EUH066 |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | 232-455-8 | | 1 - 5 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | 265-149-8 | | 1 - 5 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336 |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | 200-289-5 | | 0.5 - 1.5 | Substance with an occupational exposure limit |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | 203-049-8 | | 0.1 - 1 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | 911-418-6 | | < 0.1 | EUH071; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=100; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=100 - Nota B Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310 |

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance.
Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**Substance**

Hydrocarbons.
Carbon monoxide
Carbon dioxide.
Irritant vapours or gases.
Oxides of nitrogen.

Condition

During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | Agency | Limit type | Additional comments |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|--|---------------------|
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | UK HSC | TWA(as respirable dust):4 mg/m ³ ;TWA(as inhalable dust):10 mg/m ³ | |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | UK HSC | TWA(as mist):10 mg/m ³ | |

UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

Recommended monitoring procedures:Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from UK HSC

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Eye protection not required.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

| Material | Thickness (mm) | Breakthrough Time |
|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Polymer laminate | No data available | No data available |

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used: Nitrile rubber.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Colour

White

Odor

Fresh Odor

Odour threshold

No data available.

pH

8 - 8.8 Units not available or not applicable.

Boiling point/boiling range

No data available.

Melting point

No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Explosive properties

Not classified

Oxidising properties

Not classified

Flash point

Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)

Autoignition temperature

No data available.

Flammable Limits(LEL)

No data available.

Flammable Limits(UEL)

No data available.

Vapour pressure

No data available.

Relative density

0.99 - 1.03 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Water solubility

No data available.

Solubility- non-water

No data available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available.

Evaporation rate

No data available.

Vapour density

No data available.

Decomposition temperature

No data available.

Viscosity

22,000 mPa-s - 28,000 mPa-s

Density

No data available.

9.2. Other information

EU Volatile Organic Compounds
Percent volatile

No data available.
80.1 % weight [*Test Method:Estimated*]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Not determined

10.5 Incompatible materials

Not determined

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|------------------|------------------|
| None known. | |

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or

the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Aluminium oxide | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation-Vapour | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| Aluminium oxide | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 2.3 mg/l |
| Aluminium oxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Inhalation-Vapour | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 3 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 9,000 mg/kg |
| Glycerol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 87 mg/kg |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 0.33 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 40 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| Aluminium oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Triethanolamine | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Glycerol | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| Aluminium oxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

| | | |
|--|--------|---------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Triethanolamine | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Glycerol | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Skin Sensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Triethanolamine | Human | Not classified |
| Glycerol | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Human and animal | Sensitising |

Photosensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Human and animal | Not sensitising |

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--|----------|--|
| Aluminium oxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Triethanolamine | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Triethanolamine | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------|------------------|--|
| Aluminium oxide | Inhalation | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not | Not | Not carcinogenic |

| | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | specified. | available | |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--|----------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for female reproduction | Not available | NOAEL NA | 1 generation |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for male reproduction | Not available | NOAEL NA | 28 days |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for development | Not available | NOAEL NA | during gestation |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|---|------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Aluminium oxide | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Aluminium oxide | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 4.6 mg/l | 6 months |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 90 days |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 5.6 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | 90 days |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | liver immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal | NOAEL 2,000 | 2 years |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---|--|------------------|--|----------|
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | liver | Not classified | species Mouse | mg/kg/day NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 2 years |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day | 24 weeks |
| Glycerol | Inhalation | respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.91 mg/l | 14 days |
| Glycerol | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day | 2 years |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--|-------------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Aspiration hazard |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Aspiration hazard |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | Aspiration hazard |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

| Material | CAS # | Organism | Type | Exposure | Test endpoint | Test result |
|--|------------|---------------|--------------|----------|---------------------|-------------|
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Fish | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | >100 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Level 50% | 8.3 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Rainbow trout | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | 20 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | 1.4 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 4 mg/l |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium | 64742-88-7 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | 0.48 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------|
| aliph. | | | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Rainbow trout | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 1,000 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | EC50 | 1 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Rainbow trout | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | 2 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | 1.4 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 1 mg/l |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | 0.48 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Bluegill | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | Rainbow trout | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 54,000 mg/l |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | LC50 | 1,955 mg/l |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 11,800 mg/l |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 512 mg/l |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 609.98 mg/l |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 10% | 26 mg/l |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 16 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Copepods | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.007 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 0.0199 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 0.027 mg/l |

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|--------------|----------|---------------------|--------------|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Rainbow trout | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.19 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Sheepshead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.3 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.099 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 48 hours | NOEC | 0.00049 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 36 days | No obs Effect Level | 0.02 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | 0.004 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 0.004 mg/l |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS Nbr | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|--|------------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Data not availbl-insufficient | | | N/A | |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 55 % weight | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 31.3 % BOD/ThBOD | OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Data not availbl-insufficient | | | N/A | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 0 % weight | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | Experimental Biodegradation | 14 days | BOD | 63 % BOD/ThBOD | OECD 301C - MITI test (I) |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Experimental Biodegradation | 19 days | Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet | 96 % weight | Other methods |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated Photolysis | | Photolytic half-life (in air) | 1.2 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic half-life | > 60 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated Biodegradation | 29 days | CO2 evolution | 62 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution (does not pass 10-day window) | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | Cas No. | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|---|------------|---|----------|------------------------|-------------|--|
| Aluminium oxide | 1344-28-1 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | 64742-88-7 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light | 64742-47-8 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | Experimental Bioconcentration | | Log Kow | -1.76 | Other methods |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Experimental BCF- Carp | 42 days | Bioaccumulation factor | <3.9 | Other methods |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated BCF - Bluegill | 28 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 54 | OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow-through fish test |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR/IATA/IMDG: Not restricted for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>CAS Nbr</u> | <u>Classification</u> | <u>Regulation</u> |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | Gr. 3: Not classifiable | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Ingredient

CAS Nbr

Authorization status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture. Chemical safety assessments for the contained substances may have been carried out by the registrants of the substances in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

| | |
|--------|---|
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H310 | Fatal in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

| | |
|------|--|
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Revision information:

Label: CLP Precautionary - Response information was added.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

Meguiar's, Inc. United Kingdom SDSs are available at www.meguiars.co.uk