



Safety Data Sheet

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Document group:	41-3273-4	Version number:	1.01
Revision date:	30/07/2021	Supersedes date:	30/07/2021

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Ultimate Tire Shine G1923 [G192315EU]

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF
Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696
E Mail: info@meguiars.co.uk
Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

The aspiration hazard classification is not required because the product is an aerosol.

CLASSIFICATION:

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336
 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 2 - Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |GHS09 (Environment) |

Pictograms



Ingredients:

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EC No.	% by Wt
methyl acetate	79-20-9	201-185-2	10 - 30

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container. may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Contains 3% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Notes on labelling

Updated per Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents.

Ingredients required per 648/2004: <5%: Aliphatic hydrocarbons. Contains: Perfumes, Citral, D-Limonene.

2.3. Other hazards

Contains a substance that meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII Contains a substance that meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	(CAS-No.) 63148-62-9	10 - 30	Substance not classified as hazardous
butane	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8 (EC-No.) 203-448-7	10 - 30	Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
methyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 79-20-9 (EC-No.) 201-185-2	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1 (EC-No.) 200-662-2	5 - 15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8 (EC-No.) 265-149-8	5 - 15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9	1 - 10	Liquified gas, H280 Nota U
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	(EC-No.) 927-510-4	5 - 10	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	(CAS-No.) 556-67-2 (EC-No.) 209-136-7	< 1	Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=10 Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Any entry in the Identifier(s) column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance.

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

Irritation to the skin (localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness). Serious irritation to the eyes (significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and impaired vision). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or

environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
butane	106-97-8	UK HSC	TWA:1450 mg/m ³ (600 ppm);STEL:1810 mg/m ³ (750 ppm)	
acetone	67-64-1	UK HSC	TWA:1210 mg/m ³ (500 ppm);STEL:3620 mg/m ³ (1500 ppm)	
propane	74-98-6	UK HSC	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant
methyl acetate	79-20-9	UK HSC	TWA:616 mg/m ³ (200 ppm);STEL:770 mg/m ³ (250 ppm)	

UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

Recommended monitoring procedures:Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from UK HSC

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

- Full face shield.
- Indirect vented goggles.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use eye/face protection conforming to EN 166

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Polymer laminate	No data available	No data available

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

- Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless
Odor	Slight Odor
Odour threshold	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/boiling range	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Flash point	-17 °C [Test Method:Estimated]

Autoignition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic</i>
Kinematic Viscosity	5.72737686139748 mm ² /sec
Water solubility	<i>No data available.</i>
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	<i>No data available.</i>
Density	0.9 kg/l
Relative density	0.873 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Relative Vapor Density	<i>No data available.</i>

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Average particle size	<i>No data available.</i>
Bulk density	<i>No data available.</i>
EU Volatile Organic Compounds	<i>No data available.</i>
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Molecular weight	<i>No data available.</i>
Percent volatile	77.2 % weight [Test Method: Estimated]
Softening point	<i>No data available.</i>

* The values noted with an asterisk (*) in the above table are representative values based on testing of raw materials and selected products. Additionally, a material's characteristics may change depending upon the process and conditions of use at a facility, including further changes in particle size, or mixture with other materials. In order to obtain specific data for the material, we recommend the user conduct characterisation testing based on the use factors at the specific facility.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Not determined

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.
Strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition,

statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
methyl acetate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
methyl acetate	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 49 mg/l
methyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg
butane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
acetone	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l

	hours)		
acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,920 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 23.3 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.61 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,840 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,400 mg/kg
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 36 mg/l
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
methyl acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
butane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Rabbit	Irritant
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
methyl acetate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Rabbit	Mild irritant
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
methyl acetate	Human	Not classified

Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Guinea pig	Not classified
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Guinea pig	Not classified
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Human and animal	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
methyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
methyl acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	2 generation
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL Not available	2 generation
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL Not available	2 generation
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 8.5 mg/l	2 generation
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rabbit	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 3.6 mg/l	2 generation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
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						Duration
methyl acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
methyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
methyl acetate	Inhalation	blindness	Not classified		NOAEL Not available	
methyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
methyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 1.1	28 days

			data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
methyl acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.1 mg/l	28 days
butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
acetone	Inhalation	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 960 mg/kg/day	3 weeks
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.5 mg/l	13 weeks
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation	endocrine system immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.5 mg/l	2 generation
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.5 mg/l	13 weeks
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	2 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	Aspiration hazard
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
butane	106-97-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	EC50	6,000 mg/l
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>120 mg/l
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,026.7 mg/l
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	120 mg/l
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
acetone	67-64-1	Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Crustacea other	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	8.2 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	3.1 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	29 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	3 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	4.5 mg/l

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>13.4 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	0.5 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	6.3 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	1 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	2.6 mg/l
propane	74-98-6		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	93 days	NOEC	0.0044 mg/l
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.0079 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	12.3 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	70 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	Data not available - insufficient			N/A	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Data not available - insufficient			N/A	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	98 %BOD/CO D	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Data not available - insufficient			N/A	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	31 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	69.3-144 hours (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	3.7 % weight	OECD 310 CO2 Headspace

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.89	Non-standard method
methyl acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.18	Non-standard method
Poly(dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		classification				
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	0.65	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.24	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	Non-standard method
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Experimental BCF - Fathead Minnow	28 days	Bioaccumulation factor	12400	Non-standard method

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
acetone	67-64-1	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	9.7 l/kg	Episuite™

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	PBT/vPvB status
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Meets REACH PBT criteria
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Meets REACH PBT criteria
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Meets REACH PBT criteria
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	Meets REACH PBT criteria

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

070601* Aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR: UN1950; AEROSOLS--Limited Quantity; 2.1; (E) ; 5F.

IATA: UN1950; AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE; 2.1

IMDG: UN1950; AEROSOLS--Limited Quantity; 2.1; FD, SU

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use:**

The following substance(s) contained in this product is/are subject through Annex XVII of REACH regulation to restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use when present in certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles. Users of this product are required to comply with the restrictions placed upon it by the aforementioned provision.

Ingredient**CAS Nbr**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

556-67-2

Restriction status: listed in REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for Conditions of Restriction

Authorization status under REACH:

The following substance/s contained in this product might be or is/are subject to authorization in accordance with REACH:

Ingredient**CAS Nbr**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

556-67-2

Authorization status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization

Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information**List of relevant H statements**

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container. may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

No revision information

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

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